

1.) $(3a^2b^5)^4$

$$\boxed{3^4 a^8 b^{20}}$$

2.) $(4x^5y^7z^3)^3$

$$\boxed{4^3 x^{15} y^{21} z^9}$$

Pre-Algebra Chapter 5 Pre-Test

1.) (5 pts each, 10 pts total) (2-1) Find the lowest common denominator (LCD) of each pair of fractions. Write equivalent fractions using the LCD and compare. Use $>$, $<$, or $=$ to compare each statement.

a) $\frac{23}{36}$ and $\frac{4}{6}$ $<$

$<$ less $\frac{23}{36} < \frac{24}{36}$

$>$ greater $\frac{23}{36} < \frac{24}{36}$

b) $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{8}{12}$

#1

$$\frac{23}{36} = \frac{23}{36}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{24}{36}$$

*6

No decimals!

#2

$$23 * 6 = 138$$

$$\frac{23}{36} \times \frac{4}{6} <$$

$$36 * 4 = 144$$

Business Decision

2.) (5 pts) (2-2) Write the decimal as a fraction.

- 1.) Get version where decimal is after the first repeat
 - 2.) Get version where decimal is before the first repeat
 - 3.) Subtract
 - 4.) Solve for n.
- 3.) (5 pts each, 10 points total) Convert as required.

0.63333...

$$\frac{63}{99} = 0.636363...$$

$$n = 0.6\overline{3333}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100n = 63.\overline{3333} \\ - 10n = 6.\overline{3333} \\ \hline 90n = 57 \end{array}$$

$$n = \frac{57 \div 3}{90 \div 3} = \frac{19}{30}$$

a) Write 0.65 as a fraction.

$$\frac{65}{100} \xrightarrow{\div 5} \frac{13}{20}$$

b) Write $\frac{3}{8}$ as a decimal.

$$\frac{3}{8} = 0.375$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.375 \\ 8 \overline{) 3.000} \\ \underline{- 24} \\ 60 \\ \underline{- 56} \\ 40 \\ \underline{- 40} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Calculator only for steps $60 \div 8 =$

4.) (5 pts each, 10 pts total) (5-3) Find each difference. Reduce if needed.

a) $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{9}{15}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8\frac{1}{3} \\ - 3\frac{5}{6} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

b) $8\frac{1}{3} - 3\frac{5}{6}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\cancel{8}\frac{2}{6} + \frac{6}{6} \\ - 3\frac{5}{6} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\frac{8}{6} \\ - 3\frac{5}{6} \\ \hline 4\frac{3}{6} \div \frac{3}{3} = 4\frac{1}{2} \\ \boxed{\frac{9}{2}} \end{array}$$

5.) (5 pts each, 10 pts total) (5-3) Find each sum. Write as either an improper fraction or mixed number. Reduce if needed.

a) $\frac{5}{6} + \frac{4}{9}$

b) $7\frac{5}{12} + 2\frac{7}{16}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\frac{5}{12} \\ + 2\frac{7}{16} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{20}{48}$$

$$\frac{7}{16} = \frac{21}{48}$$

12: 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, ...

16: 16, 32, 48, 64, 80, ...

$$\begin{array}{r} 7\frac{20}{48} \\ + 2\frac{21}{48} \\ \hline \boxed{9\frac{41}{48}} \end{array}$$

* and ÷ → No need for common denominator

6.) (5 pts each, 10 pts total) (5-4) Find the product.

a) $4\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{9}{2}$
 1st convert $4\frac{1}{3}$ [mixed number] into an improper fraction.

$$4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{(4 \times 3) + 1}{3} = \frac{12 + 1}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{9}{2} = \frac{13}{3} \times \frac{9}{2}$$

Cancel 3 and 9:

$$\frac{13}{\cancel{3}} \times \frac{\cancel{9}}{2} = \frac{13}{1} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{39}{2}$$

b) $\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{14}{16}$

7.) (5 pts each, 10 pts total) (5-4) Find the quotient.

a) $5\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{7}{8}$

$$5\frac{1}{4} = \frac{(5 \times 4) + 1}{4} = \frac{20 + 1}{4} = \frac{21}{4}$$

$\frac{21}{4} \div \frac{7}{8}$ Keep, change, flip!

$$\frac{21}{4} \times \frac{8}{7} = \frac{21}{1} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{3}{1} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{6}{1} = 6$$

b) $\frac{11}{12} \div \frac{2}{3}$

1.) Algebra sol. 2.) Computation sol.

8.) (5 pts each, 15 points total) (5-7) Solve each equation.

a) $x + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{12}$
 $\quad -\frac{3}{4} \quad -\frac{3}{4}$

$$x = \frac{7}{12} - \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \xrightarrow{\cdot 3} \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \downarrow$$

$$\quad \quad \quad *3$$

$$x = \frac{7-9}{12}$$

$$\frac{-2}{12} \div 2$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{1}{6}}$$

b) $y - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{3}{5}$

c) $z - 5\frac{1}{2} = 6\frac{7}{10}$

9.) (5 pts each, 10 points total) (5-8) Solve each equation.

a) $\frac{-8}{3}x = 2\frac{4}{6}$

$$2\frac{4}{6} = \frac{(2*6)+4}{6} = \frac{12+4}{6} = \frac{16}{6}$$

$$\frac{-3}{8} \left(\frac{-8}{3} x \right) = \left(\frac{16}{6} \right) \left(\frac{-3}{8} \right)$$

$$x = \frac{16}{6} \cdot \frac{-3}{8}$$

$$\frac{16}{2} \cdot \frac{-1}{8}$$

b) $7\frac{9}{13}x = \frac{1}{8}$

$$\frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{-1}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{-1}{1} = \frac{-1}{1} = \boxed{-1}$$

10.) (5 pts each, 10 points total) (5-9) Simplify each expression.

a) $(\frac{a^3 b^5}{c^2})^3$

b) $(\frac{x^4 y^6}{2z^2})^4 = \frac{x^{16} y^{24}}{2^4 z^8}$