

TH-A1 Algebra 1 9/22 Week 3

- 1.) switch 8 less than the sum⁺ of b and 9
 $b + 9 - 8$ $(b + 9) - 8$
- 2.) 12 more than the quotient of 8 and x
 $8 \div x + 12$ $\frac{8}{x} + 12$ $12 + (8 \div x)$
- 3.) The in order difference between c and the product coefficient of 8 and x
 $c - (8 * x)$ $c - 8x$
- 4.) The product of 8 and the sum⁺ of 14 and y
 $8 * (14 + y)$ $8(14 + y)$
- 5.) switch 9 less than t increased by 3
 $t + 3 - 9$ $(t + 3) - 9$

1.) $4 + 3(15 - 2^3)$

$4 + 3(15 - 8)$

$4 + 3(7)$

$4 + 21 = 25$

P
E
MD
AS

2.) $5 + 16 \div 2 + 7 * 4$

$5 + 8 + 7 * 4$
28

$5 + 8 + 28$

$13 + 28 = 41$

3.) $8 + 4^2 * 12 - 2^3 \div 8$

$8 + 16 * 12 - 2^3 \div 8$

$8 + 16 * 12 - 8 \div 8$

$8 + 192 - 1$

$8 + 192 - 1$

$200 - 1 = 199$

$$4.) 72 - (5+3)^2 + 4(12-3^2) \div 6$$

$$72 - 8^2 + 4(12-3^2) \div 6$$

$$72 - 8^2 + 4(12-9) \div 6$$

$$72 - 8^2 + 4(3) \div 6$$

$$72 - 64 + 4(3) \div 6$$

$$72 - 64 + 12 \div 6$$

$$72 - 64 + 2$$
$$8 + 2 = \boxed{10}$$



Spider-Man



Peter Parker



Drawing Skills

Bad Good

$$\frac{a + 2b}{5}$$

$a = 1$ $b = 2$

substitute

$$\frac{1 + 2(2)}{5}$$

$$\frac{1 + 4}{5} = \frac{5}{5} = \boxed{1}$$

$$x + 3y^2$$

↓

$$3 + 3(4)^2$$

↓

$$3 + 3(16)$$

$$3 + 48 = \boxed{51}$$

$$x = \underline{3}$$

$$y = 4$$

$$3y^2$$

only y is squared

$$(3y)^2$$

$3y$ is squared

$$1.) \quad 7a - 4(b+2)$$

↓

$$7(2) - 4(5+2)$$

$$7(2) - 4(7)$$

$$a = 2 \quad b = 5$$

$$14 - 28 = \boxed{-14}$$

$$2.) \quad (a^3 + b^2) \div a$$

↓

$$((3)^3 + (2)^2) \div 3$$

$$(27 + 4) \div 3$$

$$a = 3 \quad b = 2$$

$$31 \div 3 = \boxed{\frac{31}{3}} = 10.\overline{3}$$

Properties of Numbers

Real Numbers \rightarrow Imaginary Numbers

Rational \rightarrow Irrational

Rational (ratio) - numbers that can be put into a fraction

Irrational - numbers that cannot be put into a fraction

Rational numbers

Counting numbers: 1, 2, 3, 4, ...

Whole numbers: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, ...

Counting numbers and 0

integers all whole numbers and their opposite

... -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 ...

$0.749 \square = \frac{749}{1000}$ terminal decimals

$0.7777 \dots = 0.\bar{7} = \frac{7}{9}$ repeating decimal

$0.283283283 \dots = \frac{283}{999}$ repeating decimal

$0.283284285 \dots$ irrational

0.811812813 terminal

Perfect Square
Rational

$$\sqrt{1} = 1 \quad \sqrt{4} = 2 \quad \sqrt{9} = 3$$

$1 < 0$

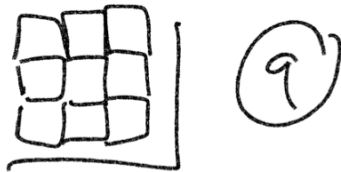
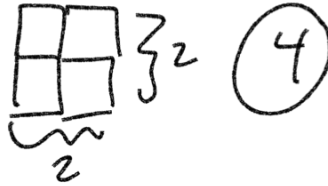
$3 < 4$

$5 < 9$

$7 < 16$

$9 < 25$

$11 < 36$



$\sqrt{49}$ - rational perfect square

$\sqrt{50}$ - irrational

so not a perfect square