

Restrictions

$$x + y \leq 8$$

$$\$2x + \$8y \leq 24$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$y \geq 0$$

$$P = \$6x + \$10y$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \cancel{x} + y & = & 8 \\ x=0 & & y = 8 \end{array}$$

1 2 3 4 5

1 2 3 4 5 6

$$x + y = 8$$

10 of 10

Q. $\int_{A \in \mathbb{R}}$

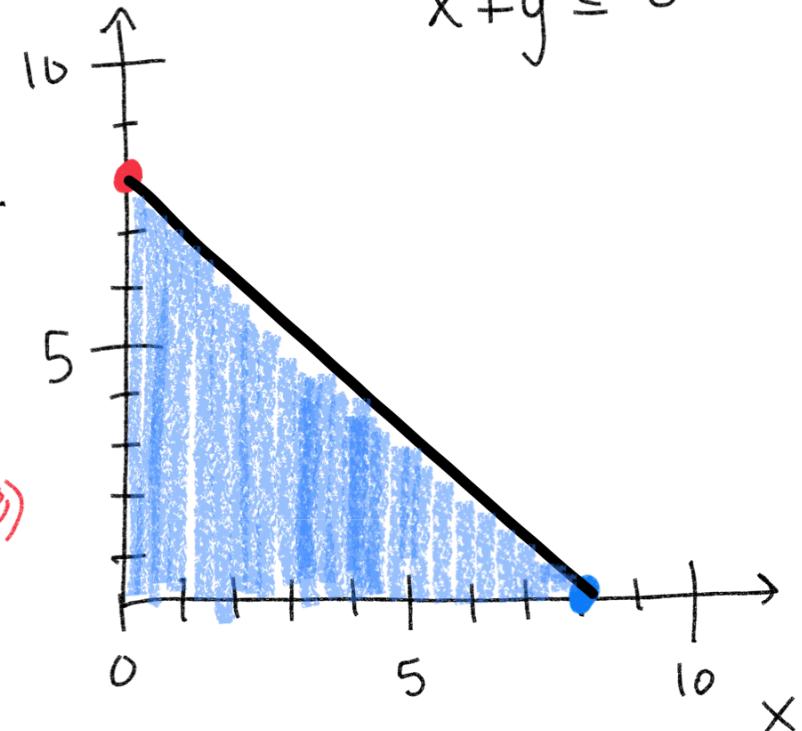
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2$$

$\lambda = 0$

Keeps everything in ~~bad~~ I

1.) Graph each

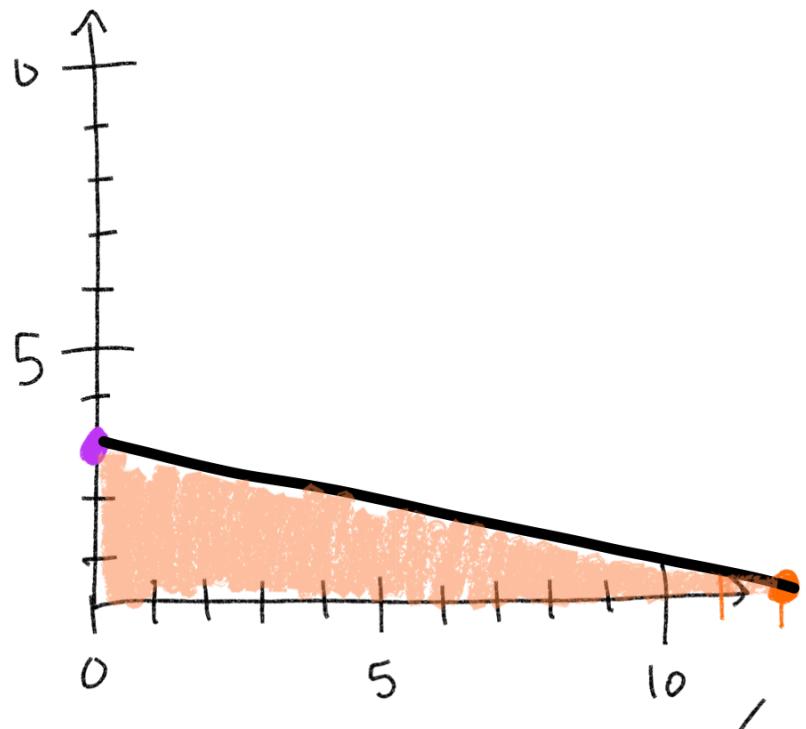
$$x + y \leq 8$$



$$2x + 8y \leq 24$$

$$2x + 8y = 24$$

$$2x + 8y = 24$$



2.) Find Vertices

$$\{(0,0)\}, (0,3), (8,0)$$

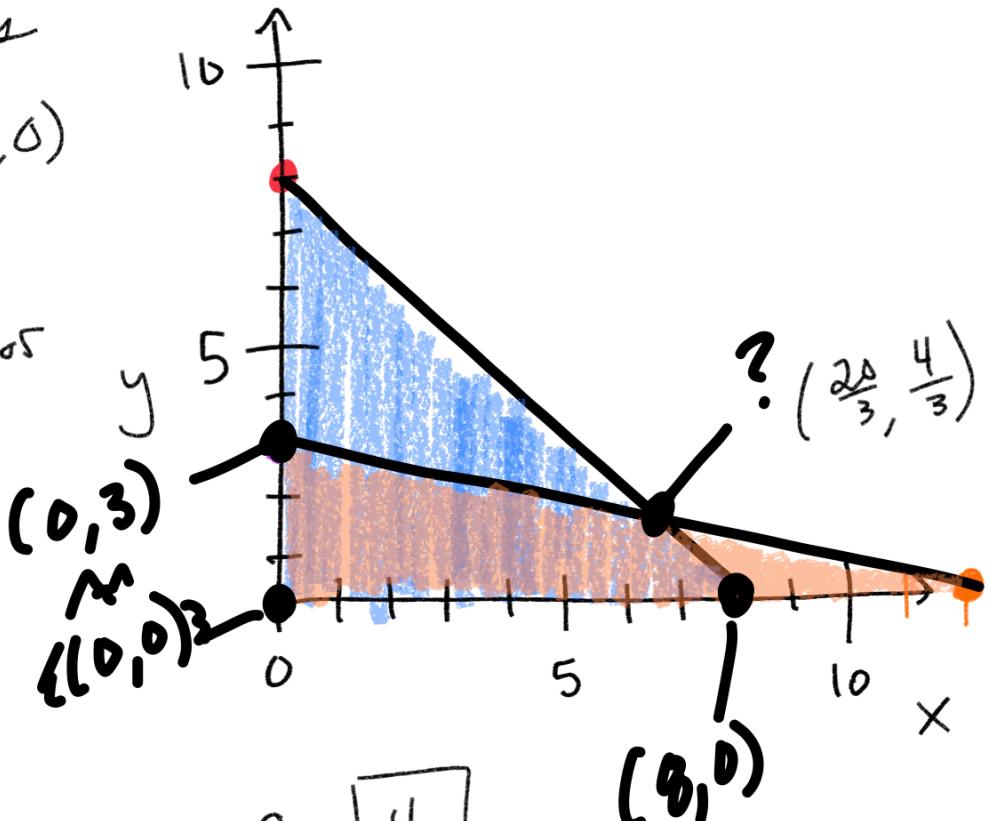
Floater

(Use substitution or elimination)

$$\begin{aligned} -2 \\ X + y &= 8 \\ 2x + 8y &= 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2x - 2y &= -16 \\ + 2x + 8y &= 24 \\ \hline 6y &= \frac{8}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Floating: } \left(\frac{20}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right)$$



$$y = \frac{8}{6} = \boxed{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X + y &= 8 \\ X + \frac{4}{3} &= \frac{24}{3} - \frac{4}{3} \\ -\frac{4}{3} & \end{aligned}$$

$$X = \boxed{\frac{20}{3}}$$

3.) Plug into Profit Equation

$$\{(0,0)\}, (0,3), (8,0), \left(\frac{20}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$(0,0) : \$6(0) + \$10(0) = \$0$$

$$(0,3) : \$6(0) + \$10(3) = \$30$$

$$(8,0) : \$6(8) + \$10(0) = \$48$$

$$\left(\frac{20}{3}, \frac{4}{3}\right) \quad \$6\left(\frac{20}{3}\right) + \$10\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) = \$40 + \$13.33 = \boxed{\$53.33}$$

$$\$6x + \$10y = P$$

Restrictions

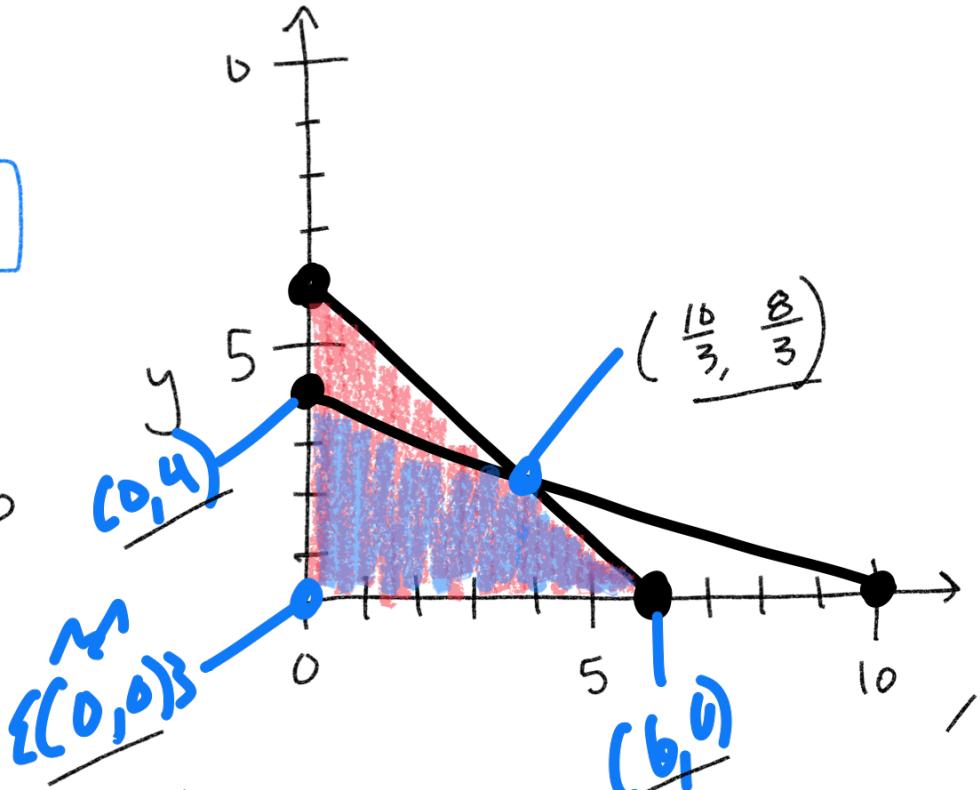
$$x + y \leq 6$$

$$4x + 10y \leq 40$$

$$x \geq 0$$

$$y \geq 0$$

$$\$5x + \$8y = P$$



$$\begin{aligned} -4(x+y=6) \\ 4x+10y=40 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -4x - 4y = -24 \\ & + 4x + 10y = 40 \\ & \hline 6y = \frac{16}{6} \\ & y = \left(\frac{8}{3}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x + y &= 6 \\ x + \frac{8}{3} &= \frac{18}{3} \\ -\frac{8}{3} & \\ x &= \left(\frac{10}{3}\right) \end{aligned}$$

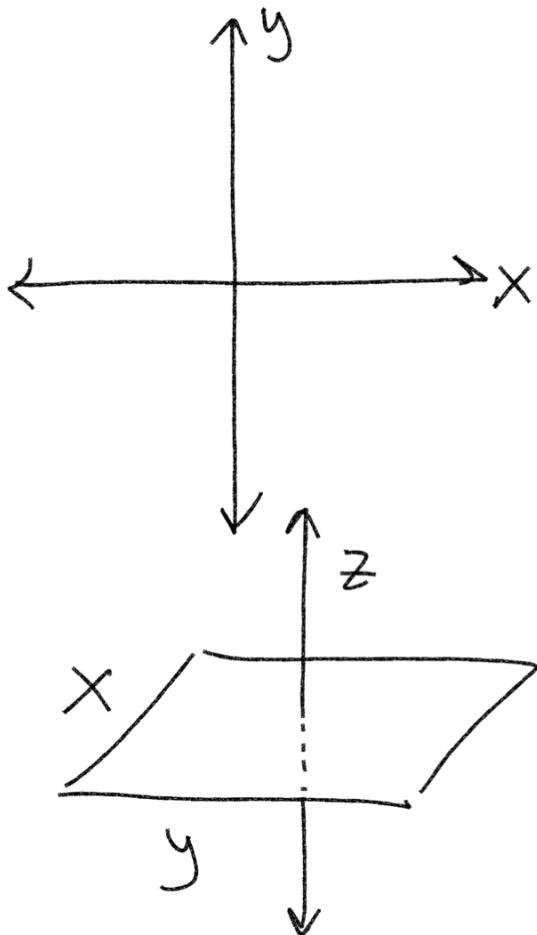
$$\$5x + \$8y = P$$

$$(0,0): 5(0) + 8(0) = \$0$$

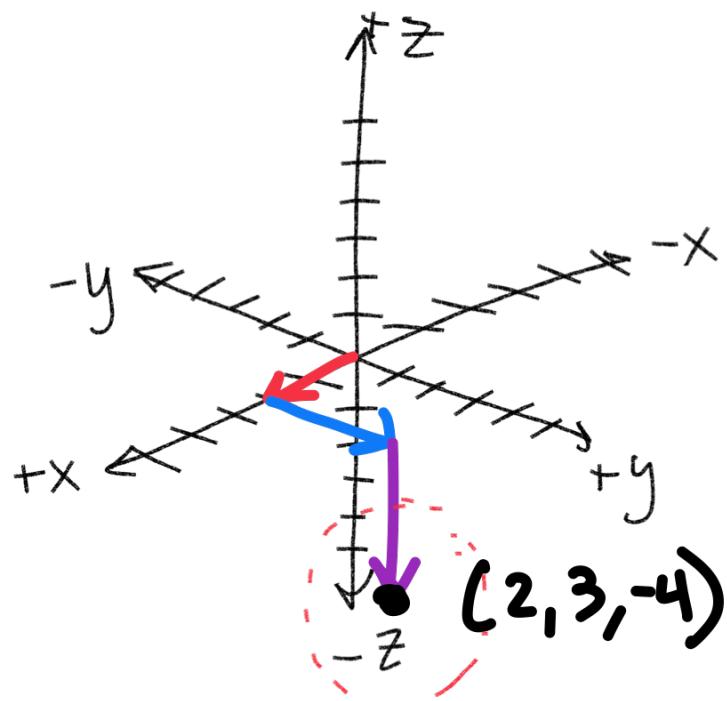
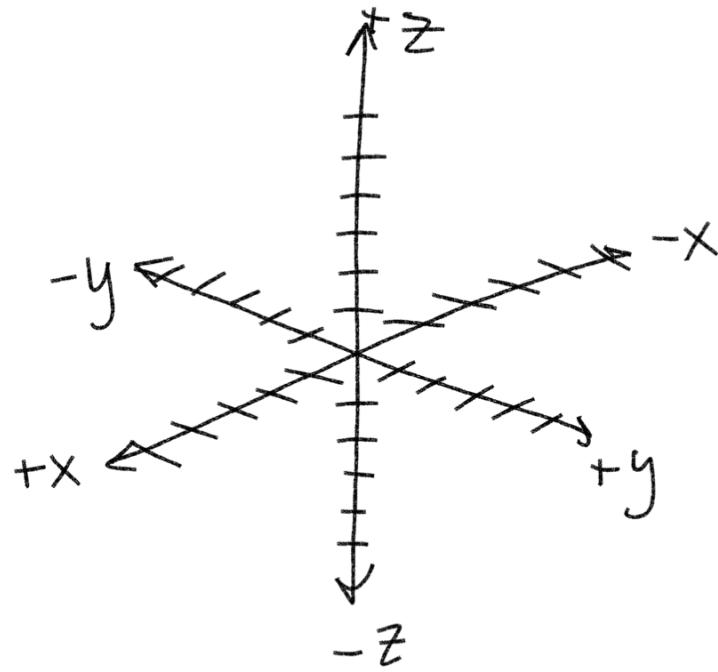
$$(0,4): 5(0) + 8(4) = \$32$$

$$(6,0): 5(6) + 8(0) = \$30$$

$$\boxed{\left(\frac{10}{3}, \frac{8}{3}\right)} \quad 5\left(\frac{10}{3}\right) + 8\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) = \frac{50}{3} + \frac{64}{3} = \$16.\overline{6} + \$21.\overline{3} = \boxed{\$38}$$



$(2, 3, -4)$
 (x, y, z)



$$\textcircled{1} \quad -4x - 3y + 3z = 8$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad -x + y + 2z = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad -2x + 4y - z = 17$$

1.) Eliminate x twice

2.) Eliminate z

$$\textcircled{1} \quad -4x - 3y + 3z = 8$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad -4(-x + y + 2z = 0)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 3y + 3z = 8 \\ + 4x - 4y - 8z = 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad -7y - 5z = 8$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad -1(-7y - 5z = 8)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 2y - 5z = 17$$

(x, y, z)

$$\begin{array}{r} -7y + 5z = -8 \\ + 2y - 5z = 17 \\ \hline 9y = 9 \end{array}$$

Bottom of rabbit hole $y = 1$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{2} \quad -2(-x + y + 2z = 0) \\ \textcircled{3} \quad -2x + 4y - z = 17 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 2y - 4z = 0 \\ + -2x + 4y - z = 17 \\ \hline 2y - 5z = 17 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 2y - 5z = 17$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{3} \\ -x + y + 2z = 0 \\ -x + 1 + 2(-3) = 0 \\ -x + 1 - 6 = 0 \\ -x - 5 = 0 \\ \frac{-x}{-1} = \frac{5}{-1} \quad x = -5 \end{array}$$

$$2y - 5z = 17$$

$$\textcircled{4} \text{ or } \textcircled{5} \quad 2(1) - 5z = 17$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 - 5z = 17 \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ -5z = 15 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} z = -3 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ -5z = 15 \end{array}$$

x y z
 $(-5, 1, -3)$

