

S-PA Pre-Algebra Session 3 6/20

1.) The product of 3 and a number. *variable*

$$3x$$

$$3 * x$$

2.) 8 more than the difference between 9 and c

$$8 + 9 - c$$

$$8 + (9 - c)$$

$$(9 - c) + 8$$

3.) 4 less than y *switch*

$$y - 4$$

4.) The quotient of 9 and the sum of b and 2 <sup>z</sup>

$$9 \div (b + 2) \text{ or } \frac{9}{b + 2}$$

5.) 2 less than the product of x and 5.

$$5x - 2 \text{ or } (5 * x) - 2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \\ \downarrow \\ 4 \cdot 9 + 8 \div 2 - 6 \cdot 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{2} \\ \downarrow \\ 36 + 8 \div 2 - 6 \cdot 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{3} \\ \downarrow \\ 36 + 4 - 6 \cdot 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{4} \\ \downarrow \\ 36 + 4 - 30 \end{array}$$

$$40 - 30 = \boxed{10}$$

P	P
E	E
<u>MD</u>	<u>DM</u>
AS	AS

$$\begin{aligned}
 1.) \quad & \underline{3 \cdot 8} + 12 \div 4 - 7 \\
 & 24 + 12 \div 4 - 7 \\
 & 24 + 3 - 7 \\
 & 27 - 7 = \boxed{20}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.) \quad & 3[9 - 4 \cdot 2 + 3(4 - 2)] \quad 3(2) \text{ or } 3 * 2 \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 & \overset{\times}{3}[9 - 4 \cdot 2 + 3(2)] \\
 & 3[9 - 8 + 3(2)] \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 & 3[9 - 8 + 6] \\
 & 3[1 + 6] \quad 3 \overset{*}{\downarrow} [7] = \boxed{21}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3.) \quad & 5 + \underline{48 \div 4} - 8 + 2 \cdot 7 \\
 & 5 + 12 - 8 + 2 \cdot 7 \\
 & 5 + 12 - 8 + 14 \\
 & 17 - 8 + 14 \\
 & 9 + 14 = \boxed{23}
 \end{aligned}$$



Spider-Man



Peter Parker

Evaluate

$$2n - 7$$

$$2(8) - 7$$

$$16 - 7 = \boxed{9}$$

output

$$n = 8$$

↑  
input

Substitute  
8 in for n

$$4ab$$

$$4 * a * b$$

$$4 * 2 * 5$$

$$8 * 5 = \boxed{40}$$

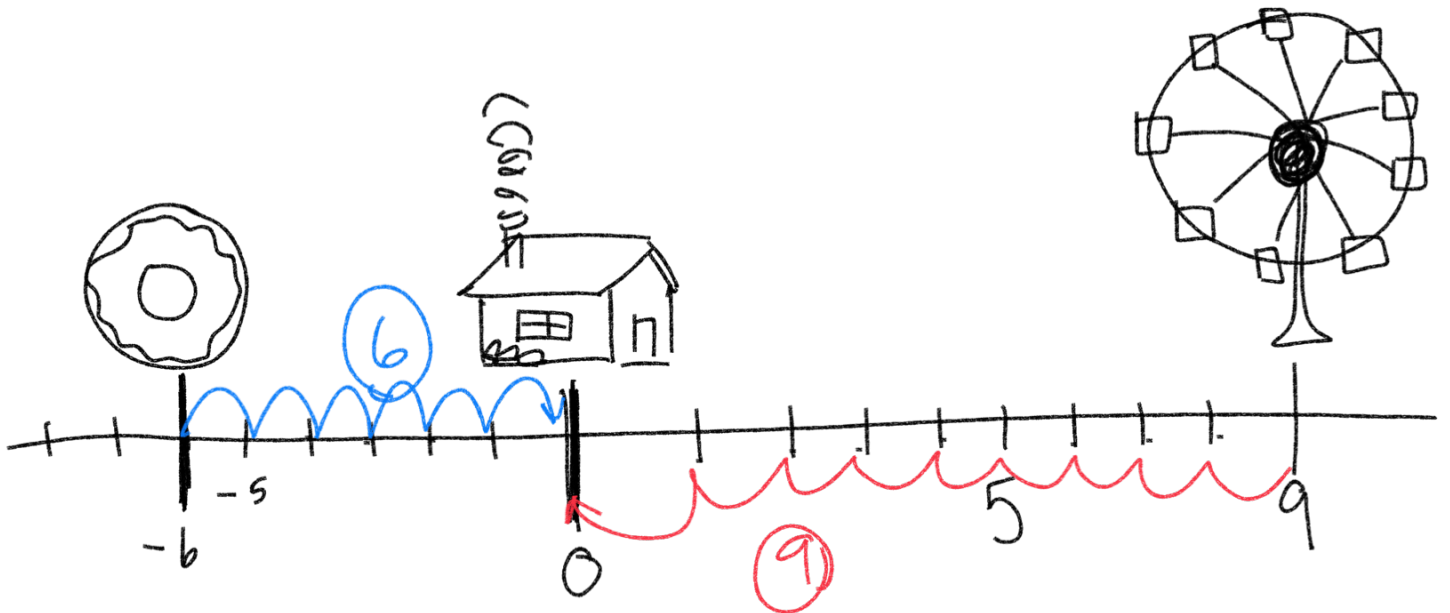
$$a = 2 \quad b = 5$$

~~$$425$$~~

$$1.) \frac{6}{a} + b \quad a=3 \quad b=7$$
$$\frac{6}{3} + 7 = 2 + 7 = \boxed{9}$$

$$2.) 15a - 2(b+c) \quad a=4 \quad b=2 \quad c=3$$
$$15(4) - 2(2+3) \quad 60 - 10 = \boxed{50}$$
$$15(4) - 2(5)$$

$$3.) x + 3y - 4(z-3) \quad x=4 \quad y=6 \quad z=5$$
$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ 4 + 3(6) - 4(5-3) \\ 4 + 3(6) - 4(2) \\ 4 + 18 - 4(2) \\ 4 + 18 - 8 \\ 22 - 8 = \boxed{14} \end{array}$$



Absolute Value

$$|9| = 9$$

Distance from a number to zero on the number line

$$|-6| = 6$$

$$-|-3| = -3 = \textcircled{-3}$$



$$|10| = 10$$

$$|9| = 9$$

$$|-523| = 523$$

$$|-17| = 17$$

$$|(3-5)| = |-2| = \textcircled{2}$$

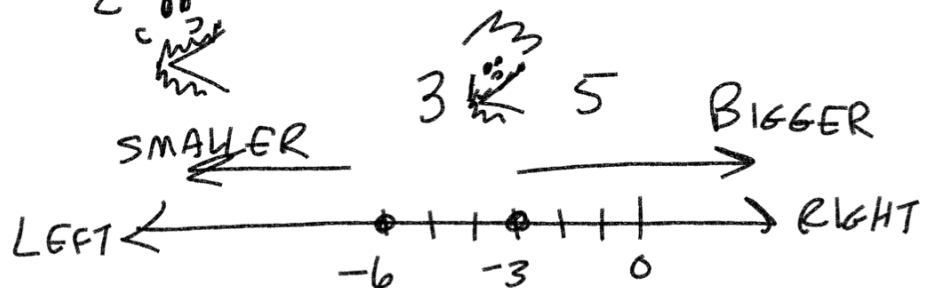
Inequalities



>  
Greater than  
SMALLER

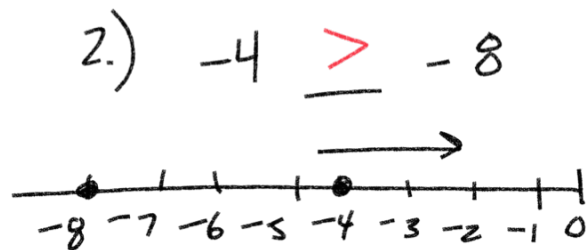
< points to the left  
Less than  
'left than'

$$-6 < -3$$



$$1.) 2 < 3$$

Less than



$$3.) 0 > -2$$

$$4.) |-3| > |-2|$$

3 > 2

$$5.) |-6| > -1$$

6 > -1

$$6.) -|-2| < -1$$

-2 < -1

$$7.) |-5| = 5$$

5 = 5

$$-|3| = -3$$