

$$y = |x - 2| + 3$$

inside  
horizontal shift

opposite

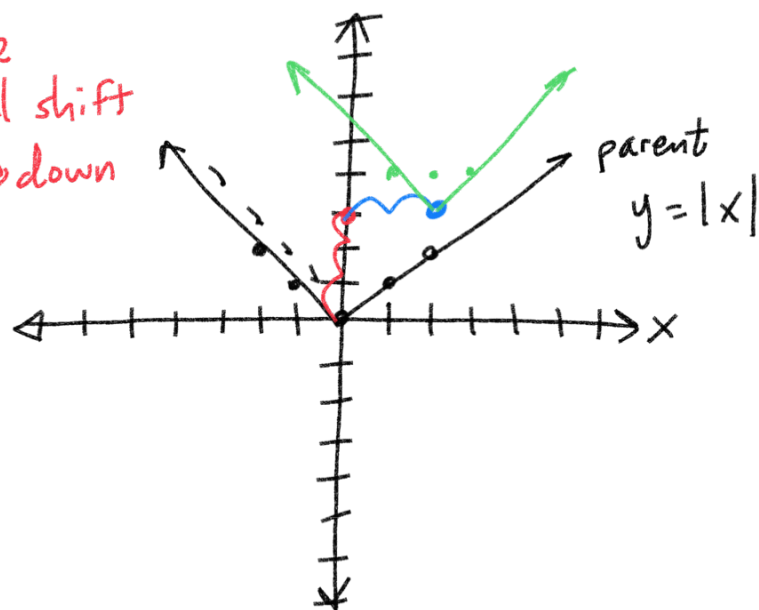
⊖ right

⊕ left

2 right

up 3

outside  
vertical shift  
⊕ up ⊖ down



$$y = \left| \frac{3x - 6}{3} \right| - 4$$

$$y = |3(x - 2)| - 4$$

slope

$\frac{3 \text{ up}}{1 \text{ over}}$

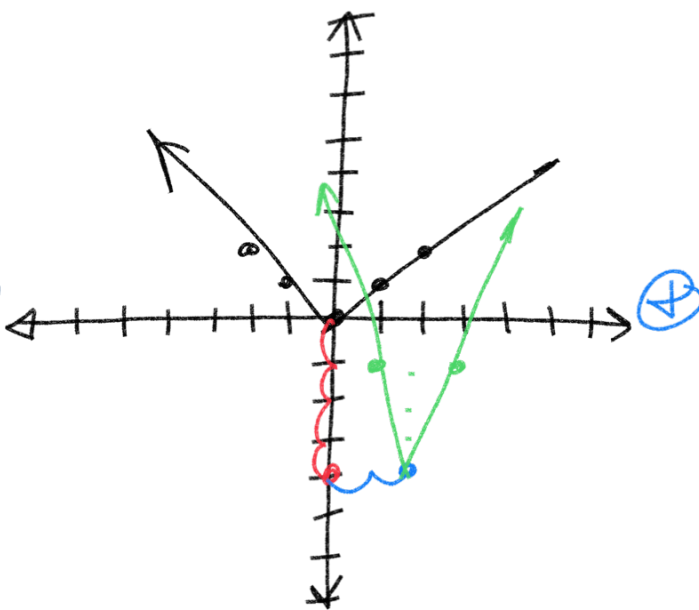
2 right

opposite

down 4

⊖

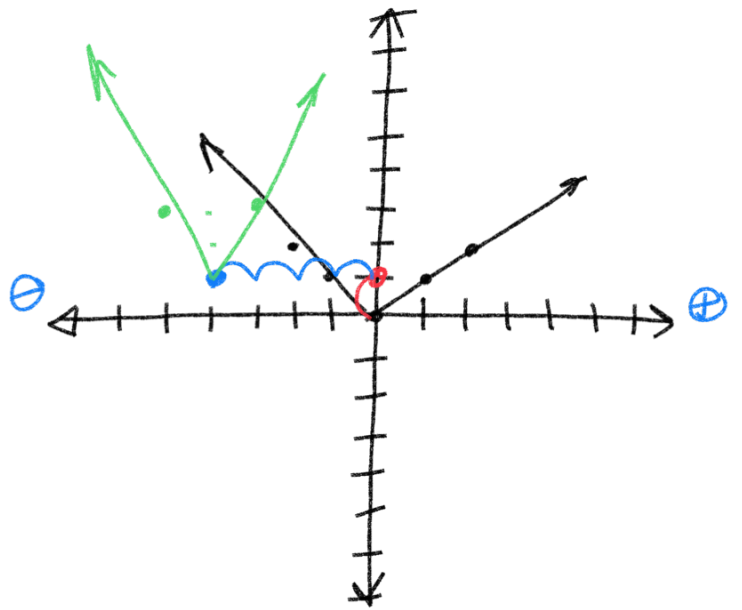
⊕



$$1.) y = \left| \frac{2x}{2} + \frac{8}{2} \right| + 1$$

$$y = |2(x+4)| + 1$$

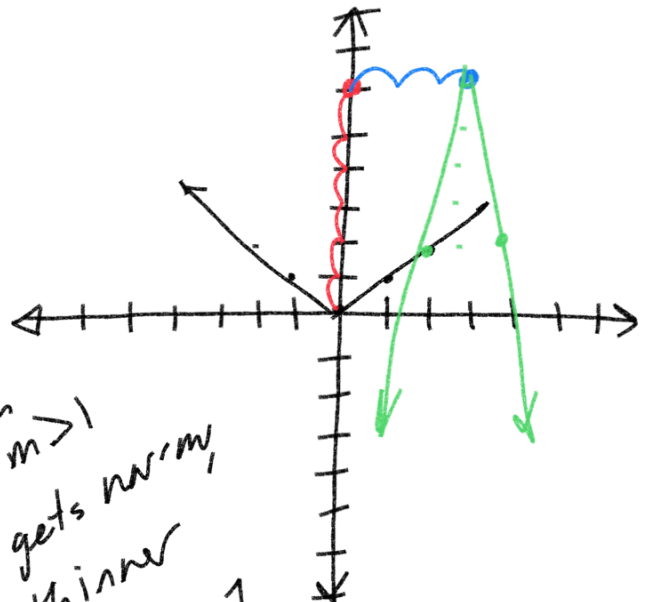
slope  $\frac{up\ 2}{1\ over}$   
 opposite left 4  
 up 1



$$2.) - \left| \frac{4x}{4} - \frac{12}{4} \right| + 6$$

$$- |4(x-3)| + 6$$

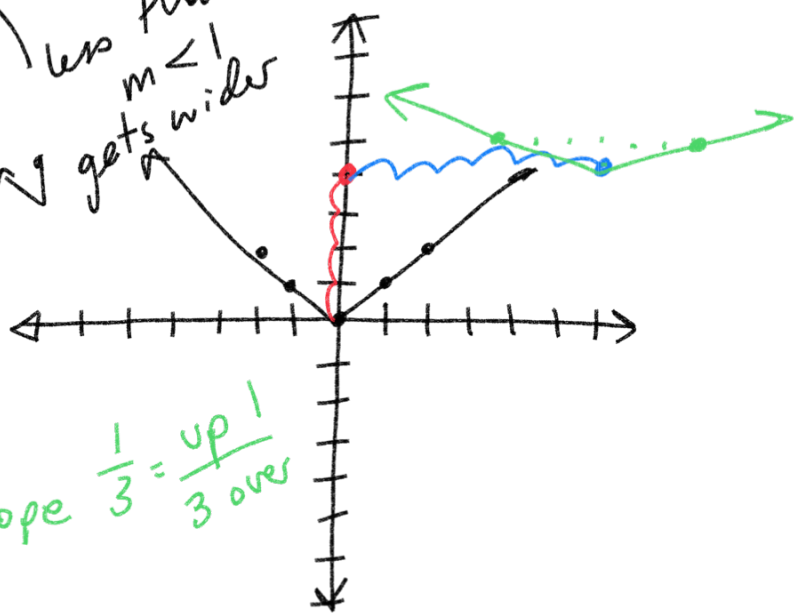
flip  
 4 down  
 1 over  
 right 3  
 up 6



$$y = \left| \frac{1}{3}x - 2 \right| + 4$$

more than 1  $m > 1$   
 gets narrower, thinner

less than 1  $m < 1$   
 gets wider



Keep change flip

$$y = \left| \frac{1}{3}(x-6) \right| + 4$$

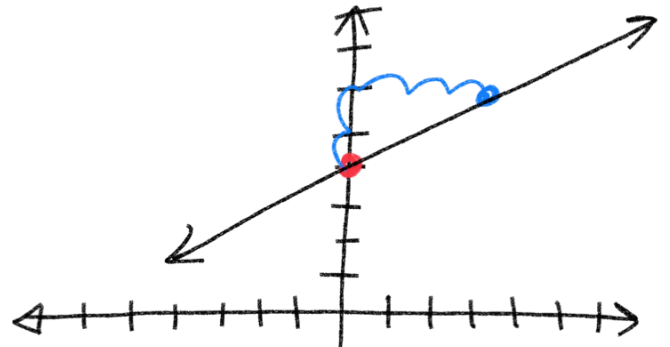
right 6  
 up 4

$$-2 \div \frac{1}{3} = -2 * \frac{3}{1} = -6$$

slope  $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{up\ 1}{3\ over}$

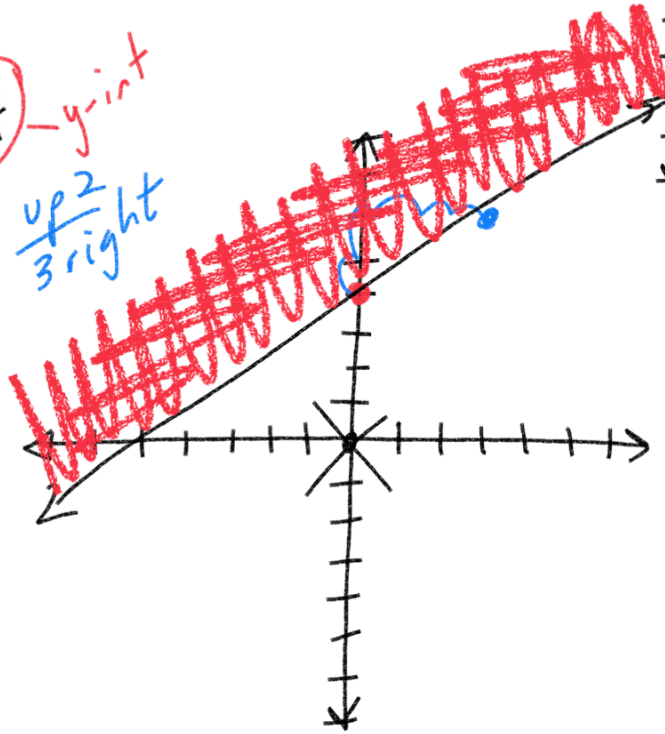
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

slope  $\frac{2}{3}$  y-int  $+4$   
 rise  $\frac{2}{3}$  move  $\frac{2}{3}$  up  
 run  $3$  3 right



$$y \geq \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

slope  $\frac{2}{3}$  y-int  $+4$   
 up  $\frac{2}{3}$  3 right



Trying  $(0, 0)$   
 Is it true?

$$y \geq \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$0 \geq \frac{2}{3}(0) + 4$$

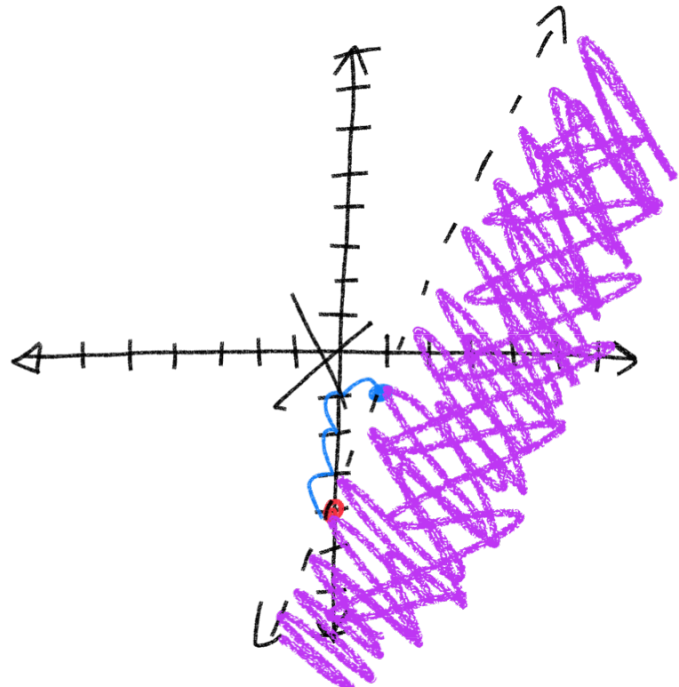
$$0 \geq 0 + 4$$

$$0 \geq 4 \text{ False}$$



$$y < 3x - 4$$

slope  $3$  y-int  $-4$   
 down  $3$  1 right



Trying  $(0, 0)$   
 $y < 3x - 4$   
 $\downarrow$   
 $0 < 3(0) - 4$   
 $0 < -4$   
 false

$$2x + 3y \geq 6$$

Graph using Intercepts

$$x=0 \quad \cancel{2x} + \frac{3y}{3} = \frac{6}{3} \quad (0, 2)$$

$$y=2$$

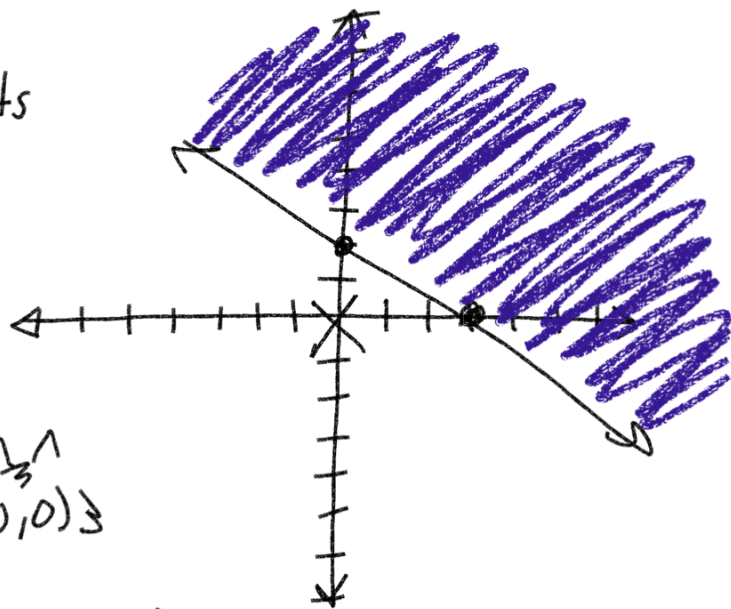
$$y=0 \quad \frac{2x}{2} + \cancel{3y} = \frac{6}{2} \quad (3, 0)$$

$$x=3$$

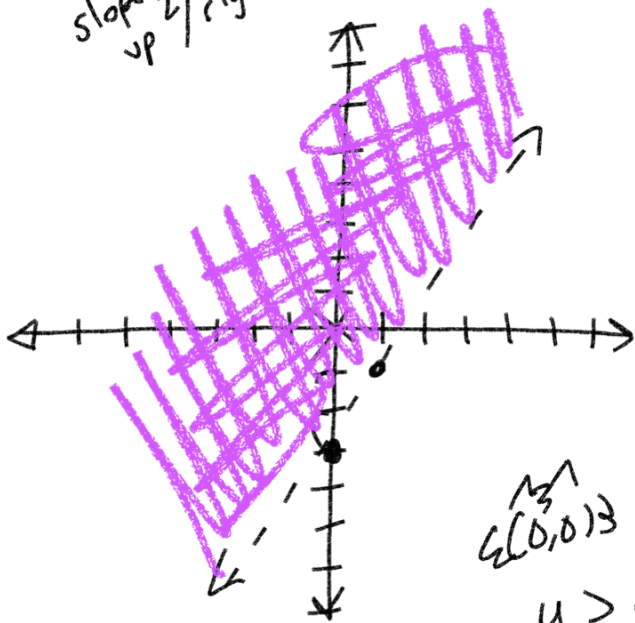
$$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix} (0, 0)$$

$$2x + 3y \geq 6$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 2(0) + 3(0) \geq 6 \\ 0 \geq 6 \text{ false} \end{matrix}$$



1.)  $y > 2x - 3$   
 slope up 2 / right 1

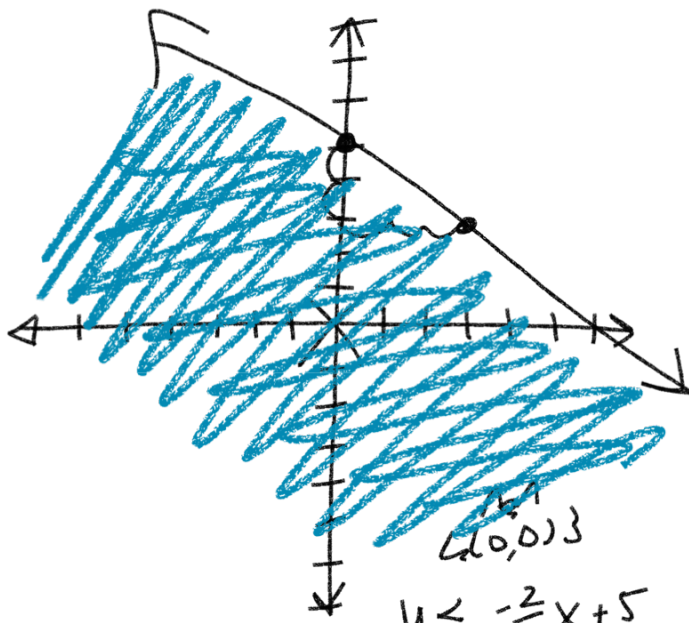


$$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix} (0, 0)$$

$$y > 2x - 3$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \text{true! } 0 > 2(0) - 3 \\ 0 > -3 \end{matrix}$$

2.)  $y \leq -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$   
 down 2 / right 3



$$\begin{matrix} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix} (0, 0)$$

$$y \leq -\frac{2}{3}x + 5$$

$$\begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ 0 \leq -\frac{2}{3}(0) + 5 \\ 0 \leq 5 \text{ true} \end{matrix}$$

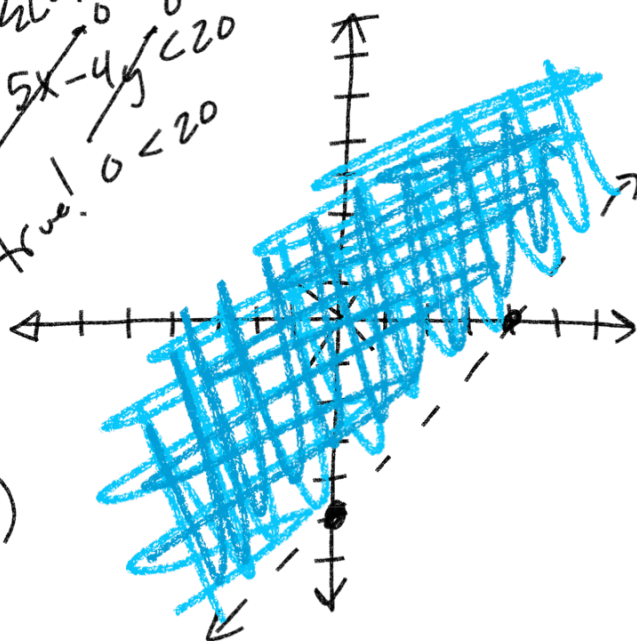
$$5x - 4y < 20$$

~~$5x - 4y < 20$~~   
 $x = 0$     $\frac{-4y}{-4} < \frac{20}{-4}$     $(0, -5)$

$$y = -5$$

~~$5x - 4y = 20$~~     $(4, 0)$   
 $y = 0$     $\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{20}{5}$     $x = 4$

~~$5x - 4y < 20$~~   
 $x = 0$     $0 < 20$



Algebra 2 Chapter 2 Pre-Test

1.) (8 pts total, 4 pts each) For the following function, determine  $f(3)$  and  $f(-2)$ .

a)  $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$

b)  $f(x) = \frac{5x-6}{2x}$

2.) (8 pts total, 4 pts each) Suppose  $f(x) = 3x - 5$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 6$

a) Find  $\frac{g(3)}{f(2)}$ .

For what value(s) of  $x$  would  $\frac{g(x)}{f(x)}$  not be a function, if any.

$\frac{g(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{x^2 + 6}{3x - 5} = \frac{g(3)}{f(2)} = \frac{(3)^2 + 6}{3(2) - 5}$

$\frac{g(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{x^2 + 6}{3x - 5}$

Denominator  $\neq 0$

$\neq 0$

$3x - 5 \neq 0$   
 $+5 +5$

$\frac{3x \neq 5}{3}$

$\frac{9 + 6}{6 - 5} = \frac{15}{1} = 15$

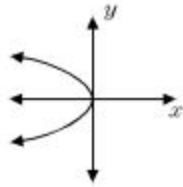
b) Find  $f(-1) \cdot g(0)$

For what value(s) of  $x$  would  $f(x) \cdot g(x)$  not be a function, if any.

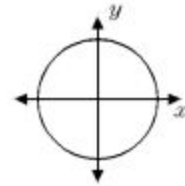
$x \neq \frac{5}{3}$

3.) (8 pts total, 2 pts each) Which of the following graphs represents a function? Write either "function" or "not a function".

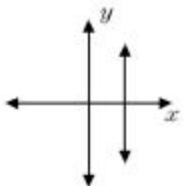
a)



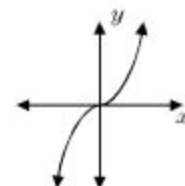
b)



c)



d)



4.) (8 pts total, 4 pts each) Write the equation for the line formed by each slope and point. Include both slope-intercept and point-slope forms.

a)  $(-2, 4)$ ,  $m = -3$

b)  $(0, -5)$ ,  $m = \frac{1}{2}$

5.) (8 pts total, 4 pts each) Find the slope and intercepts for each of the following lines:

a)  $4x + 6y = -12$

$-4x$        $-4x$        $\frac{6y}{6} = \frac{-4x-12}{6} \frac{1}{6}$       slope =  $-\frac{2}{3}$

$y = -\frac{4}{6}x - 2$       y-int =  $-2$

b)  $7x - 2y = 10$

$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 2$

6.) (8 pts total, 4 pts each) Find the slope for each of the following:

a)  $(-5, 3)$  and  $(7, -1)$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

b)  $(-2, 6)$  and  $(4, -9)$