

$$x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x$$

# of possible solutions: 4  
4<sup>th</sup> degree quadrannomial

$$\underline{x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x} \div x-2$$

$$(x-2)(x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x)$$

$$x-2 \overline{) x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x \\ \underline{-x^4 + 2x^3} \quad \downarrow \\ 3x^3 - 10x^2 \\ \underline{-3x^3 + 6x^2} \quad \downarrow \\ -4x^2 + 8x \\ \underline{+4x^2 - 8x} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x-2=0 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline x=2 \end{array}$$

$$3 \overline{) 12}$$

$$(3)(4) = 12$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & -10 & 8 \\ & \downarrow & & 2 & 6 & -8 \\ \hline & 1 & 3 & -4 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x$$

zeros: 2, 0, -4, 1

$$f(2) = 0$$

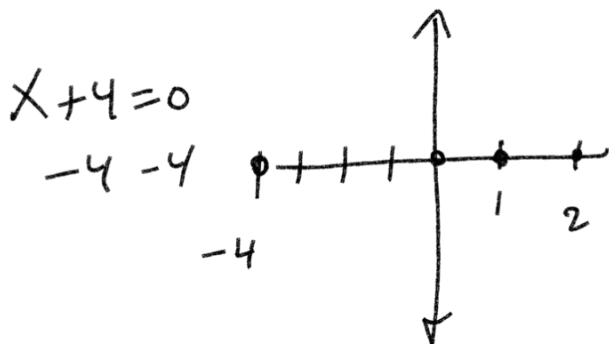
$$f(x) = x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x$$

$$(x-2)(x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x)$$

$$(x-2)(x)(x^2 + 3x - 4)$$

$$(x-2)(x)(x+4)(x-1)$$

$\begin{array}{cccc} \uparrow & \uparrow & & \\ 2 & 0 & -4 & 1 \end{array}$



$$x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x \div x + 4$$

$$x + 4 \overline{) x^4 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 8x} \quad f(-4) = 0$$

$$\underline{-x^4 - 4x^3} \quad \downarrow$$

$$-3x^3 - 10x^2$$

$$\underline{+3x^3 + 12x^2} \quad \downarrow$$

$$2x^2 + 8x$$

$$\underline{-2x^2 - 8x}$$

0

$$x + 4 = 6$$

$$-4 - 4$$

$$x = -4$$

$$f(x) = 4x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x - 5$$

# of poss solutions: 5

"p"

factors p

(4)  $\frac{1 * 4}{2 * 2}$

factors q

(5)  $\frac{1 * 5}{1 * 5}$

"q"

potential real solutions

$\frac{1}{1}$	$\pm 1$	$\pm \frac{1}{4}$	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{5}{1}$	$\pm 5$	$\pm \frac{5}{4}$	$\pm \frac{5}{2}$

insert  $\oplus x$  and look for sign changes

$$\oplus 4x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x - 5$$



5, 3, 1  $\oplus$  solutions

insert  $\ominus x$  and look for sign changes

only odd # exponents change

$$4x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x - 5$$

$$\ominus -4x^5 - 3x^4 - 2x^3 - 7x^2 - 9x - 5$$



$$X=1$$

$$4x^4 + x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 5$$

$$(X-1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x - 5 \\ -4x^5 + 4x^4 \quad \downarrow \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3x^3}{x}$$

$$\frac{5x}{x} = 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^4 + 2x^3 \\ -x^4 + x^3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x^3 - 7x^2 \\ -3x^3 + 3x^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

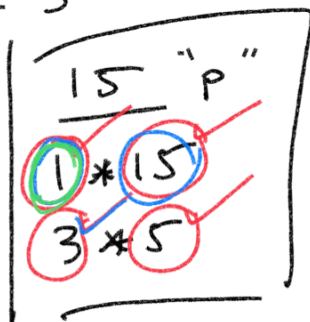
$$\begin{array}{r} -4x^2 + 9x \\ +4x^2 + 4x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 5 \\ -5x + 5 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

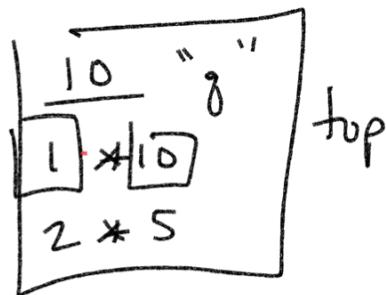
$$f(x) = 15x^5 + 5x^4 - 81x^3 - 27x^2 + 30x + 10$$

Possible number of solution: 5

zero candidates:



bottom



top

$$\frac{q}{p}$$

$\boxed{1}$	$\pm \frac{1}{1}$	$\pm \frac{1}{15}$	$\pm \frac{1}{3}$	$\pm \frac{1}{5}$
$\boxed{10}$	$\pm \frac{10}{1}$	$\pm \frac{10}{15}$	$\pm \frac{10}{3}$	$\pm \frac{10}{5}$
	$\pm 10$	$\pm \frac{2}{3}$		$\pm 2$
$\boxed{2}$	<del><math>\pm \frac{2}{1}</math></del>	$\pm \frac{2}{15}$	<del><math>\pm \frac{2}{3}</math></del>	$\pm \frac{2}{5}$
$\boxed{5}$	$\pm \frac{5}{1}$	<del><math>\pm \frac{5}{15}</math></del>	$\pm \frac{5}{3}$	<del><math>\pm \frac{5}{5}</math></del>

$\oplus$   $15x^5 \oplus 5x^4 - 81x^3 - 27x^2 + 30x + 10$

$\oplus$  solution  $\boxed{2, 0}$

$\oplus$   $\frac{1}{1} \quad \frac{2}{2}$

$\ominus$  solution  $\boxed{3, 1}$

$\ominus$   $15x^5 \oplus 5x^4 + 81x^3 - 27x^2 + 30x + 10$

$\ominus$   $\frac{1}{1} \quad \frac{2}{2} \quad \frac{3}{3}$

$$x=1 \quad 15x^4 + 20x^3 - 61x^2 - 88x - 58$$

$$x-1 \left) \begin{array}{r} 15x^5 + 5x^4 - 81x^3 - 27x^2 + 30x + 10 \\ -15x^5 + 15x^4 \phantom{-81x^3} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20x^4 - 81x^3 \\ -20x^4 + 20x^3 \\ \hline -61x^3 - 27x^2 \\ +61x^3 + 61x^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f(1) = -48$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -88x^2 + 30x \\ +88x^2 + 88x \\ \hline -58x + 10 \\ +58x + 58 \\ \hline -48 \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = x^4 - x^3 - 5x^2 - x - 6$$

poss zeros: 4

$i$  is a zero  $\pm i$

$$\begin{array}{ll} x = i & x = -i \\ -i - i & +i + i \end{array}$$

$$x - i = 0 \quad x + i = 0$$

$$(x+i)(x-i)$$

$$x^2 + ix - ix - i^2$$

$$x^2 + 0x + 1 \left) \begin{array}{r} x^2 - 6 + \frac{x}{x^2} + 1 \\ x^4 - x^3 - 5x^2 - x - 6 \\ -x^4 \phantom{-0x^3} - x^2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - (\sqrt{-1})^2$$

$$x^2 - (-1) = (x^2 + 1)$$

$$-6x^2 - x - 6$$

$$+6x^2 \phantom{-x} + 6$$

$$\hline 0 - x \phantom{0}$$

