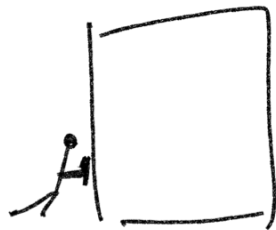


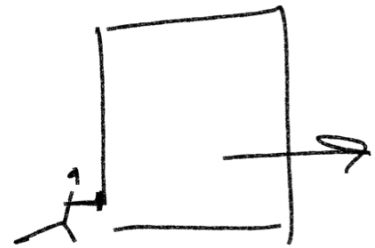
$F_A > F_f$ moves

$F_A < F_f$ no movement



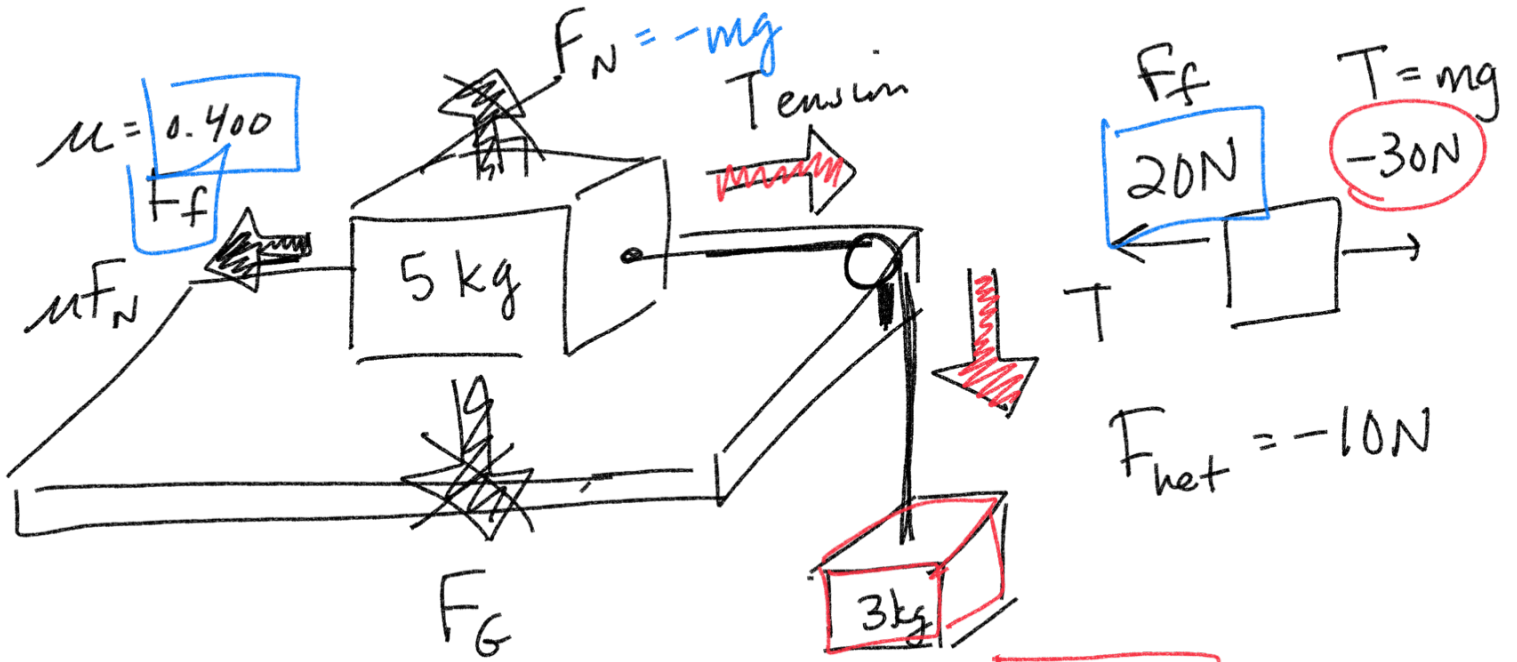
static friction

force required to move object at rest



dynamic / kinetic friction

force required to keep moving objects moving



$$g = \sim -10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_f = \mu F_N$$

$$= (0.400)(5 \text{ kg})(-10 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= 20 \text{ N}$$

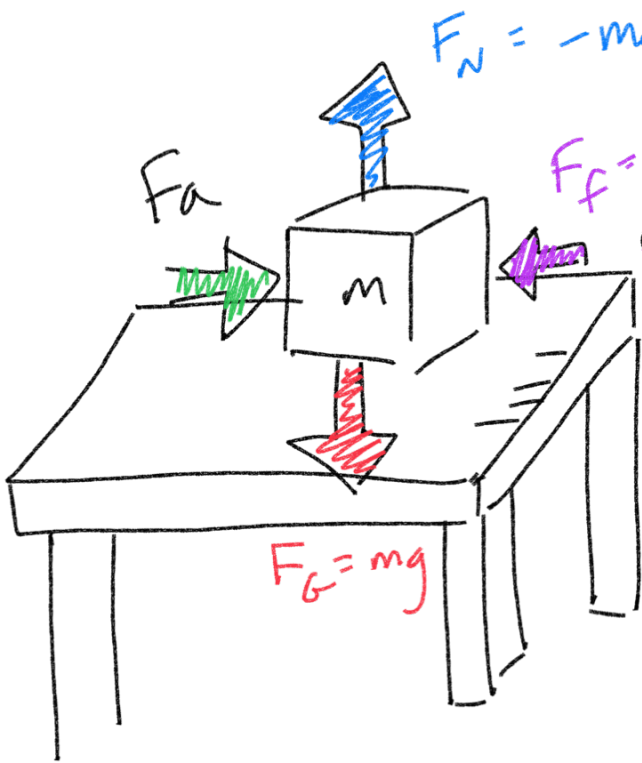
$$F_G = mg$$

$$(3 \text{ kg})(-10 \text{ m/s}^2) = -30 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{F}{m} = \frac{ma}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{F}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{-10 \text{ N}}{5 \text{ kg} + 3 \text{ kg}} = \frac{-10 \text{ N}}{8 \text{ kg}}$$

$$= -1.25 \text{ m/s}^2$$



$$F_N = -mg$$

$$F_f = \mu F_N = -\mu mg$$

$$m = 12.0 \text{ kg}$$

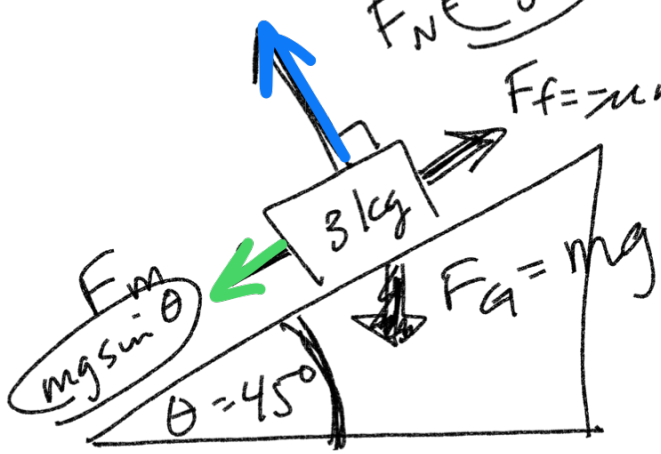
$$\mu = 0.200$$

What force would be required to move the block?

$$F_a = F_f$$

$$F_a = \mu (12.0 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= \boxed{24 \text{ N}}$$



$$F_N = -mg \cos \theta$$

$$F_f = \mu mg \cos \theta$$

What is the acceleration of the block on a frictionless plane?

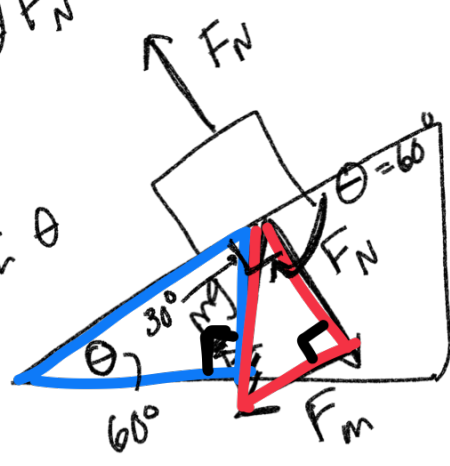
$$\mu = 0 \quad F_f = 0$$

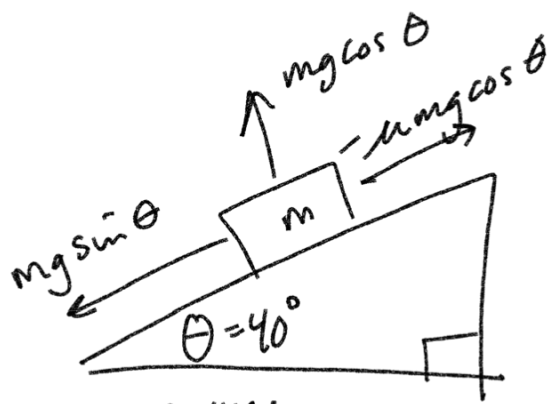
$$F_m = mg \sin \theta$$

$$(3 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(\sin 45^\circ)$$

$$F_m = -20.8 \text{ N}$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{-20.8 \text{ N}}{3 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{-6.9 \text{ m/s}^2}$$





$$m = 18.0 \text{ kg}$$

$$\mu = 0.300$$

a) Does it move?
yes

b) $F_{\text{net}}?$
-74.3 N

c) acceleration?

$$mg \sin \theta > -\mu mg \cos \theta$$

$$(18.0 \text{ kg})(-10 \text{ m/s}^2) \sin 40^\circ$$

$$-(0.3)(18.0 \text{ kg})(-10 \text{ m/s}^2) \cos 40^\circ$$

$$-115.7 \text{ N}$$

$$41.4 \text{ N}$$

$$-115.7 \text{ N} + 41.4 \text{ N} = \boxed{-74.3 \text{ N}}$$

$$\frac{F}{m} = \frac{ma}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{-74.3 \text{ N}}{18.0 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{-4.1 \text{ m/s}^2}$$