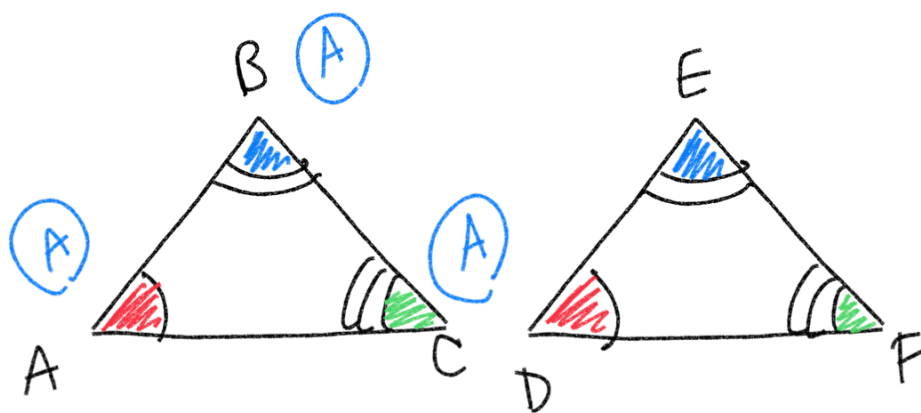


similar triangles  
"proportional"  
equal angles,  
but not equal sides



$$\angle A \cong \angle D$$

$$\angle B \cong \angle E$$

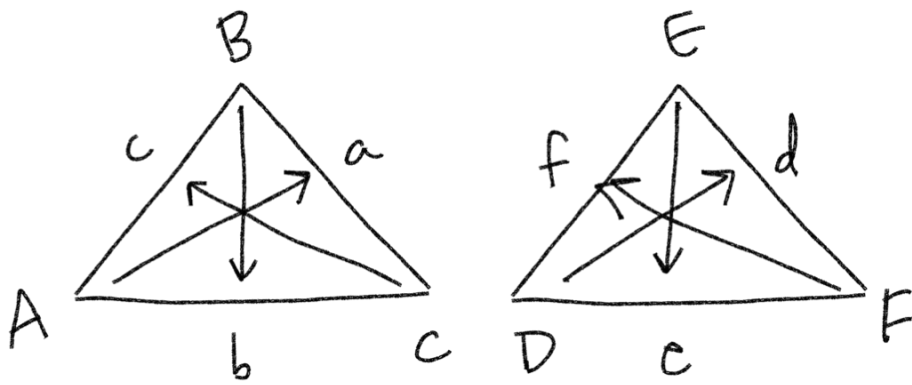
$$\angle C \cong \angle F$$

$\triangle ABC$  is similar to  $\triangle DEF$

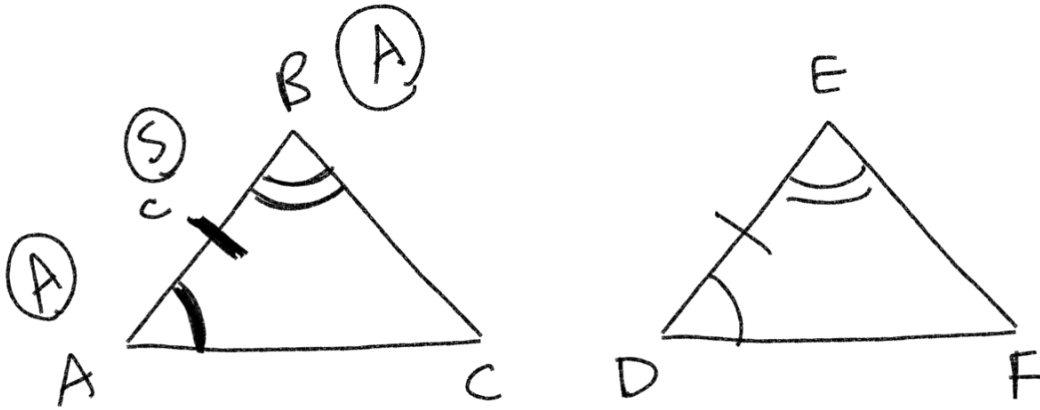
$\triangle ABC \not\cong \triangle DEF$

AAA  
similarity, but not  
CONGRUENCY

① You NEED AT LEAST  
ONE SIDE FOR TRIANGLE  
CONGRUENCY!



Capitals for angles  
Lowercase for sides

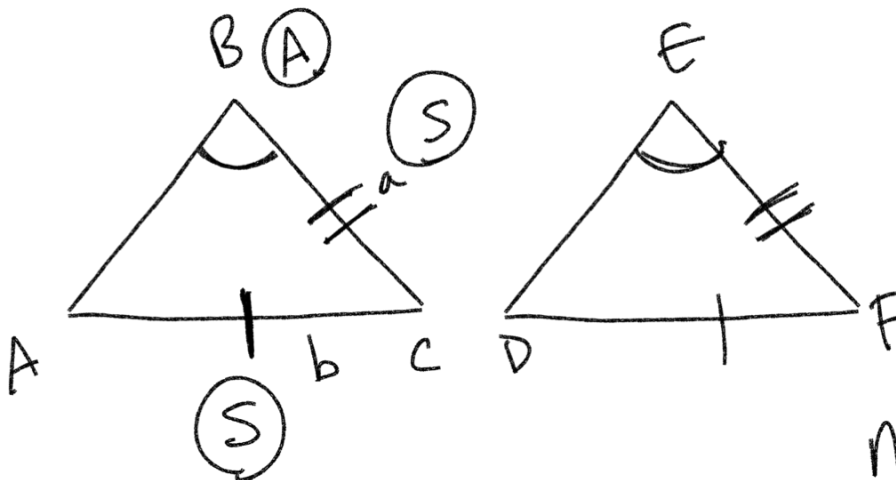


$AB\bar{c}$

$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$

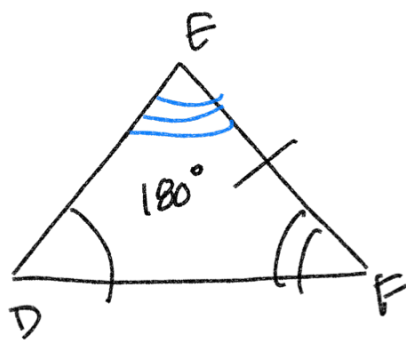
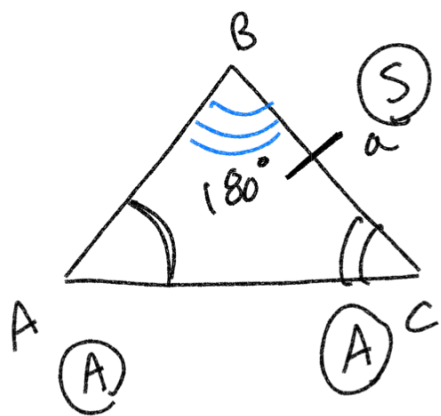
ASA

② You Need at least one representative from each angle-side pair (Letter) for triangle congruency.



$Bab$

~~ASS~~  
not a congruency



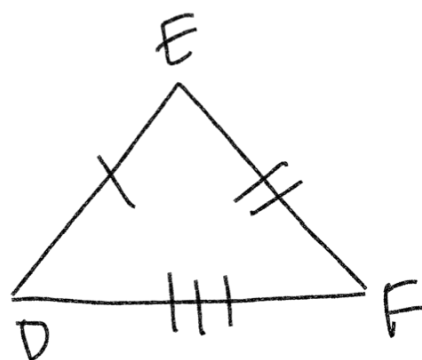
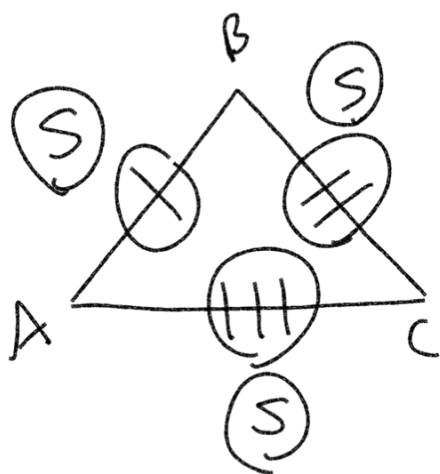
AaCb

$$\begin{aligned} A + B + C &= 180 \\ D + E + F &= 180 \end{aligned}$$

AAS

if you have 2 congruent angles,  
you really have 3.

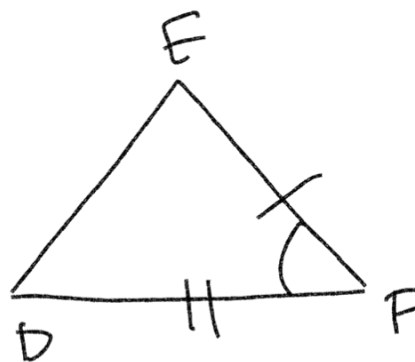
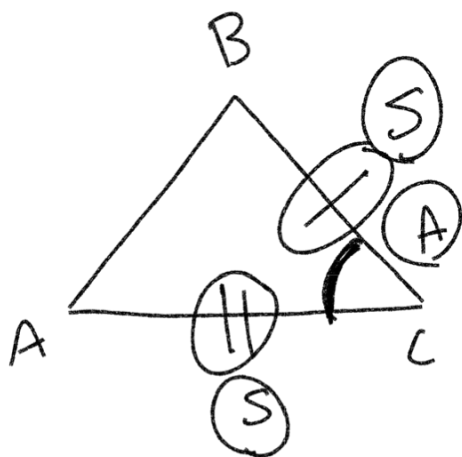
$$\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$$



cab

SSS

triangle congruency



aCb

SAS

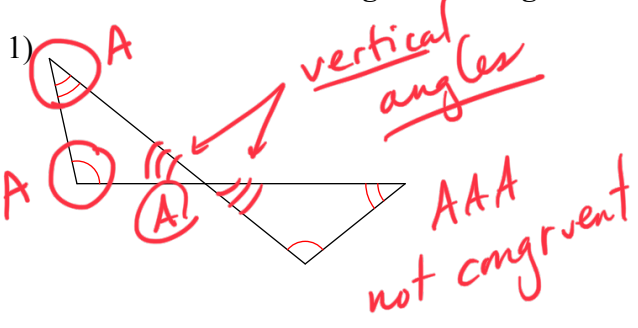
side-angle-side

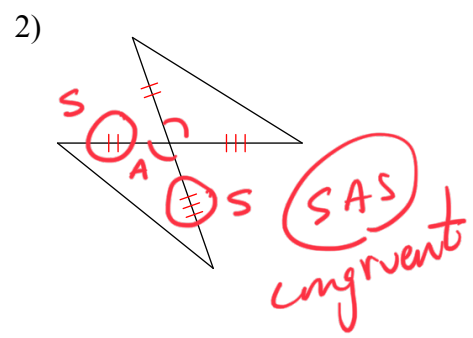
Congruencies: SSS SAS ASA AAS

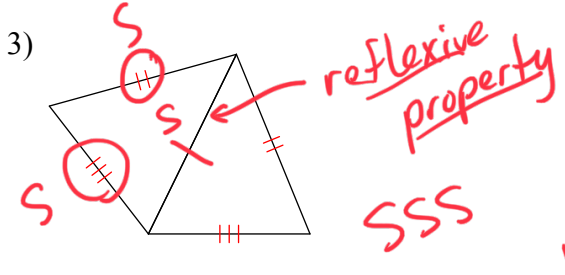
Similarity: AAA  
↑ not an option!

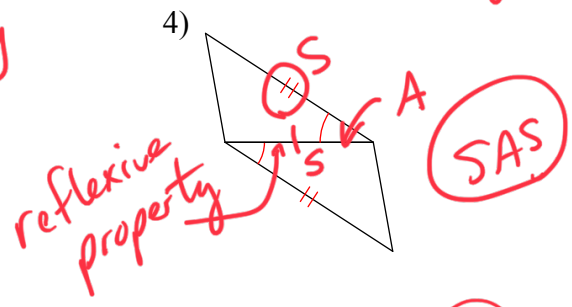
Assignment

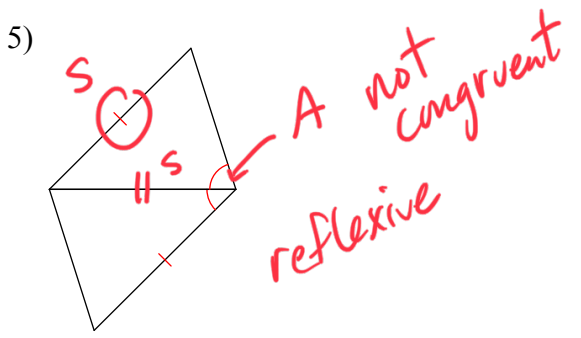
Determine if the two triangles are congruent. If they are, state how you know.

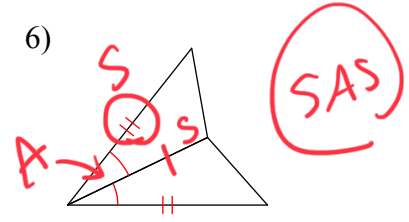
1)    
 vertical angles  
 AAA  
 not congruent

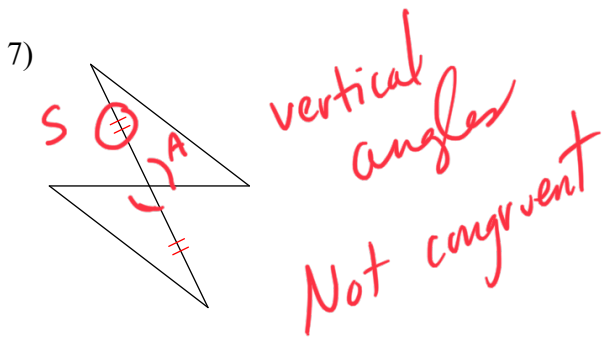
2)    
 SAS  
 congruent

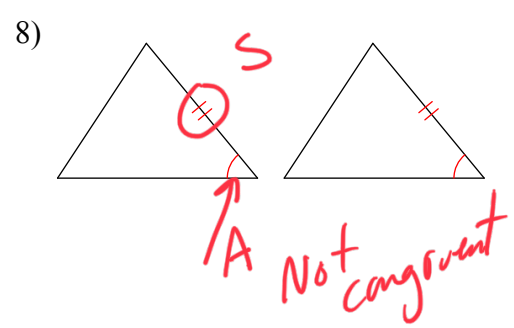
3)    
 reflexive property  
 SSS

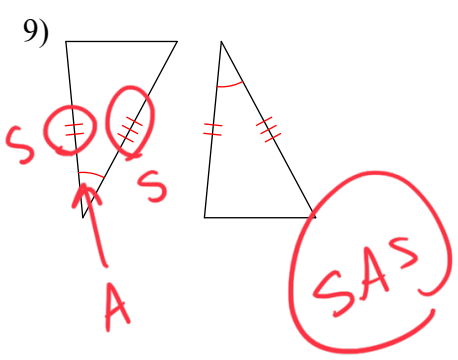
4)    
 reflexive property  
 SAS

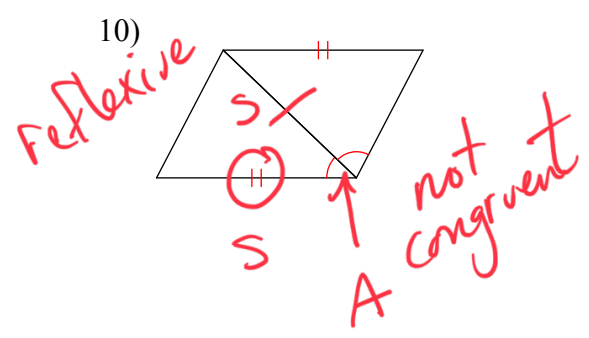
5)    
 A not congruent  
 reflexive

6)    
 SAS

7)    
 vertical angles  
 Not congruent

8)    
 A  
 Not congruent

9)    
 SAS

10)    
 reflexive  
 A not congruent