General Chemistry Chapter 4 Pre-Test

1.) Na (s) + O_2 (g) \rightarrow Na₂O (s)

(18 pts total) Balance the equation. If you begin with 60 g of sodium and 100 g of oxygen

a) (8 pts) Identify the limiting reagent. Show work.

b) (8 pts) Find the mass of Na₂O produced during the reaction.

c) (2 pts) Find the mass of excess reagent.

2.) $CaCl_2(aq) + AgNO_3(aq) \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2(aq) + AgCl(aq)$

(18 pts total) If you begin with 90 g of $CaCl_2$ and 120 g of $AgNO_3$

a) (8 pts) Identify the limiting reagent.

b) (8 pts) Find the mass of AgCl produced during the reaction.

c) (2 pts) Find the mass of excess reagent.

3.) (18 pts) If you have 80 g of methane (CH_4) is reacted with 90 g of oxygen (O_2) , find the liters of carbon dioxide (CO_2) produced under STP conditions.

$$CH_4 \quad + \qquad O_2 \quad \rightarrow \qquad CO_2 \quad + \qquad H_2O$$

- 4.) (18 pts total, 6 pts each) For each reaction, 1) complete each reaction by writing the potential products. 2) Balance the reaction. 3) Consult the solubility rules and identify soluble and insoluble compounds. 4) Write the net reaction.
 - a) KOH (aq) + Fe(NO₃)₃ (aq) \rightarrow

h') CaCl ₂ ((ag) +	Na ₃ PO ₄	(ag) →
υ,	j CaO ₁₂ i	(ay)	11031 04	(aq)

c) Aqueous solutions of lithium sulfate and calcium nitrate are mixed...

5.) (12 pts total, 3 pts each) Find the oxidation state of each atom within the compound.

- a) H₂CO₃
- b) Na₂Cr₂O₇
- c) NO₃-1

- d) SO_4^{-2}
- 6.) (16 pts total, 8 pts each) Find the oxidation state of each atom within the reaction. Indicate which atom is reduced and which is oxidized.

a) Sb + HNO
$$_3$$
 \rightarrow Sb $_2$ O $_3$ + NO + H $_2$ O

b) Mg + 2HCl
$$\rightarrow$$
 MgCl₂ + H₂